LIDL : PARK HOUSE COURT NEW HEDGES SA70 8TJ

GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE STATEMENT



14 February 2025 Rev 20 May 2025 Rev 3 June 2025 Rev June 2025 Rev 13 June 2025 Rev 23 June 2025

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GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE STATEMENT

LIDL STORE: PARK HOUSE COURT: NEW HEDGES: SA70 8BD

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This is the Green Infrastructure Statement for the proposed Lidl store, carpark, and associated landscaping within Park House Court area. The site is located off A478 Narberth Road with a postal code SA70 8TJ and grid reference SN 127022 and postal address Green Meadows Park, St. Mary Out Liberty, New Hedges, Pembrokeshire and is referred to as the 'Site' in this document. The Site area is 1.0715 Hectares (2.65 acres) and consists of grassland, scrub and trees.

2.0 TERMS

The definition of Green Infrastructure in Chapter 6 of Planning Policy Wales 12 February 2024 is

'Green infrastructure is the network of natural and semi-natural features, green spaces, rivers and lakes that intersperse and connect places. Component elements of green infrastructure can function at different scales and some components, such as trees and woodland, are often universally present and function at all levels. At the landscape scale green infrastructure can comprise entire ecosystems such as wetlands, waterways peatlands and mountain ranges or be connected networks of mosaic habitats, including grasslands. At a local scale, it might comprise parks, fields, public rights of way, allotments, cemeteries and gardens or may be designed or managed features such as sustainable drainage systems. At smaller scales, individual urban interventions such as street trees, hedgerows, roadside verges, and green roofs/walls can all contribute to green infrastructure networks'.

The Environment (Wales) Act 2016 provides a context for the delivery of multi-functional green infrastructure. Its provision can make a significant contribution to the sustainable management of natural resources. Green infrastructure is capable of providing several functions at the same time and as a result offers multiple benefits, for social, economic and cultural as well as environmental resilience and respond to challenges presented by the climate emergency.

A Step Wise Approach is required to be demonstrated in the Green Infrastructure Statement.

To assess impacts on habitats and species

Step 1 Avoid

Step 2 Minimise

Step 3 Mitigate/Restore

Step 4 Compensate on Site

Step 4 Compensate Off-Site

Steps 1-4 Using the DECCA Framework for all relevant steps that require enhancement

Step 5 Long Term Management Plan

These steps will indicate how Net-Benefit-for-Biodiversity is achieved.

Without an achievement Step 6 would result in a refusal for a development.

Mitigation' to mean 'measures taken to avoid or reduce negative impacts', as separate from 'compensation' meaning 'measures taken to make up for the loss of, or permanent damage to, biological resources through the provision of replacement areas'

3.0 DOCUMENTS

Refer to the following documents as reference for the statement

- CA 2025-PKHSCRT-01 Rev B Lidl Park House Court Landscape Existing
- CA 2025-PKHSCRT-02 Rev B Lidl Park House Court Landscape Existing and Overlay
- CA 2025-PKHSCRT-03 Rev C Lidl Park House Court Landscape Proposals Overall
- CA 2025-PKHSCRT-04 Rev B Lidl Park House Court Landscape Trees-Hedges-Native
- CA 2025-PKHSCRT-05 Rev B Lidl Park House Court Planting Beds and Grass

- CA 2025-PKHSCRT-06 Rev A Lidl Park House Court Landscape Sections
- CA 2025-PKHSCRT-07 Rev A Lidl Park House Court Green Infrastructure
- CA 2025-PKHSCRT Lidl Park House Court Planting Schedule 13June2025
- Arboricultural Report Park House Court (ArbTS 19 November 2024)
- Tenby: Preliminary Ecological Appraisal Bioc23-123 (Biodiverse Consulting 2024)
- Ecological Management Plan (Biodiverse Consulting. September2025)
- 3211 P401F Proposed Setting Out Masterplan

4.0 EXISTING SITE DETAIL

It consists of a roughly rectangular Site wider at the southern end with an extension which is a footpath to the Park House Court entrance. The eastern boundary is alongside the A478 Narberth Road in angled line from north/northeast to south/southwest with a track access at the midpoint. The north will be a revised A478 junction which and revised Green Meadows Park roadway which curves from the north in a southwest direction to form the western boundary and the road straightens away to the west from the Site into the residential area. The southwest boundary section abuts a private rear garden crosses the rough track and goes past the rear of a residential unit and past tanks and T2 retained Sycamore and along the edge of the hospital northeastern carpark edge. The south boundary cuts across a mounded grass area back to the A478.

The area of the Site is 1.0715 Hectares (2.65 Acres). To the north of the Site is grassed area with a small grassed church carpark and a tall cypress hedge screening the Well Park Caravan Park. To the northwest are two large houses subdivided into flats set within a large grass and treed area. Directly west are smaller semi-detached and detached houses in a more compact layout. All the houses are rendered predominantly white or other pastel colours. To the southwest is the large building mass of the white and yellow rendered buildings, the residential home and private hospital, associated buildings with parking set at a lower level than the A478 There is a mounded grass area separating the buildings from the A478. Further south is a large grass area with a distinctive TPO tree group of pines and deciduous trees close to the A478. To the east the Site lies next to the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park boundary and National Cycle Route 4 which runs along the eastern side of the A478 Narbeth Road. Almost opposite the north boundary Green Meadow Park roadway is the Waterwynch Lane set in fields and hedgerows. Just south of the existing track on to the Site is the track to Brynhir and onwards to Tenby which is a footpath and National Cycle Route 4 within in a tree-lined woodland and fields.

The Site is divided into two by a rough track going to the rectangular residential unit. The site slopes from approximately 78.00m AOD in south towards the track at around 74.00m and slopes further to the north to 71.00m AOD by the Green Meadows Park roadway. This gives a 7 metre fall across the Site from south to north. The fall across the Site from the east to the west along the track is from 74.56 AOD to 74.41m AOD a minimal fall.

The southern section of the site has an old hedgerow mound starting at the track entrance running parallel with the A478 and angling inwards towards the private hospital which divides the south area into 2/3rds above the mound and a 1/3rd below the mound. This lower 1/3rd is mown grass sloping towards the hospital carpark and a grass mound parallel to the A478 with a grass verge abutting the road edge. There is a footpath along the A478 into Tenby which ends at the Park House Court entrance after which there is only a grass verge up to the track entrance where a cycleway and footpath start.

The old hedgerow mound section is mixture of some native trees, sycamore and ash and predominantly non- native trees two groups of Leyland Cypress, Norway Spruce and Norway Maples with scrub undergrowth. The scrub area extends into the old field area and grades out into a grass area. The mixed scrub has no dominant species with bramble, thistle, willow and common nettle. The dandelion, white clover and common hogweed which is more species than the modified grassland.

The northern section is a modified grass area 3-4 species per square metre with limited species with perennial rye grass and creeping buttercup being dominant. There is a group of 11 trees mainly Norway maple and lime in the south west of the grass area. A band of bramble scrub with some ash, birch and willow trees, some mature which are remains of an unmanaged hedgerow section on a low mound lies to east parallel with A478 Narberth Road. There is a grass verge from the mound to the edge of the footpath/cycleway on this side of the road. This ends at the track access and there is a road crossing linking to the National Cycle Route 4 and footpath to Tenby via Brynhir.

4.1 EXISTING SITE SUMMARY

The Site currently consists of a mixed area grassland, scrub and trees in variable condition with limited management. The surrounding area is largely agricultural land and residential areas with the A478 running parallel to the eastern boundary of the Site. Therefore, no roosting opportunities for roosting bats is negligible but there are foraging opportunities. The Site currently has suitability for bird nesting and foraging.

5.0 TREES

The Tree Report has surveyed 2No individual trees and 5 tree Groups. There are no existing hedgerows on Site only a hedgerow fragment.

T2 Sycamore which is off-site just north-east of the private hospital is to be retained.

Trees are to be removed

• T1 Ash is a category U very poor removal recommended

All other trees are category C low quality trees

- G1 Norway Maple and Lime group of 11 trees are within the northwest section of the Site.
- G2 Norway Maple and Norway Spruce
- G3 Wild Cherry and Norway Maple Group
- G4 Leyland Cypress Group
- G5 2 Sycamores form a group within the Site east of T1 Sycamore.

5.1 TREE SUMMARY

The individual tree loss is T1 Ash – Poor quality (Category U)

The group tree loss is

- G1 Norway Maple and Lime 51m2 Low quality (Category C)
- G2 Norway Maple and Spruce 75m2 Low quality (Category C)
- G3 Norway Maple and Cherry 63m2 Low quality (Category C)
- G4 Leyland Cypress 12linm- Low quality (Category C)
- G1 Sycamore 2No Low quality (Category C)

The over loss is 20+ trees, 12linm of Leyland Cypress and Group areas 189m2.

The Tree Report concludes that the trees identified for removal are low or poor quality (C / U Category). These trees should not present a constraint on developing the Site.

The majority of the existing trees are non-native trees.

AVOIDANCE MEASURES

- implementation of fencing for tree protection prior to any demolition or clearance works is to avoid damage to the retained trees.
- Tree felling to be undertaken outside the bird nesting season unless checked by a suitably qualified Ecologist and approval given to proceed.
- Adhere to the tree protection details in the Arboricultural Report for T2 Sycamore

COMPENSATION/ENHANCEMENT

Compensation is proposed to address the impacts on habitats which cannot be avoided or mitigated:

• Tree losses to facilitate the development and one poor tree removed are to be compensated by new plantings with 66No trees mainly native and the introduction of native hedges approx 331linm on site.

6.0 ECOLOGY

6.1 HABITATS

The Preliminary Ecological Assessment (PEA) notes there are no priority habitats on Site and the following habitats on Site are :-

- Managed Grasslands of low value and moderate diversity 7species per m2 (0.07ha).
- Modified Grassland of low value and moderate diversity 3-4 species per m2 (0.42ha)...
- Mixed Scrub Mature and semi-mature trees are present with a dense understorey and tall
 forbs present. No one species is dominant, with species present including willow species
 Salix sp., bramble, thistle species Cirsium sp. and common nettle. (0.24ha).
- Bramble Scrub -some mature trees and birch, ash and willow saplings within the understorey of bracken, bramble and ivv. 0.07ha.
- Developed Land Sealed Surfaces concrete tarmac access track. 0.03ha.
- Groups of Trees detailed in the Tree Report.

6.2 PROTECTED AND PRIORITY SPECIES

The protected species which may occur on site are

- Great Crested Newt
 - Unlikely to be present precautionary measures to be undertaken.
- Bats
 - No buildings present and trees on Site with no roost potential.
 - Site considered to be of low suitability to foraging and commuting bats.
- Birds
 - The Site affords suitability for nesting and foraging within the grassland, scrub and trees on Site for a range of locally common species. Site is considered to be of low value for birds.
 - o A precautionary approach to safeguard birds during construction and post development compensation measures is recommended.
- Badgers.
 - The Site is considered to be of local value to badgers and a precautionary approach will be adopted to safeguard the species during construction.
- Reptiles
 - The scrub on Site offers potential refugia habitat for reptiles, however no evidence of reptiles was found on Site. A precautionary approach will be adopted to safeguard these species during construction.
- Priority Species
 - The site has the potential to support the priority species of hedgehogs and toads.

6.3 INVASIVE NON-NATIVE SPECIES

Invasive non-native species (INNS) none noted on Site.

6.4 ECOLOGY SUMMARY

AVOIDANCE

The following measures should be incorporated into the design of the development, including the construction phase, to avoid and reduce impacts on wildlife:

- Construction Ecological Management Plan (CEMP) to be produced to avoid harm to ecological features during Site clearance and construction.
- Avoid site clearance works during the nesting bird season (March to August inclusive)
 unless the site is checked by a Suitably Qualified Ecologist (SQE) and active nests are
 confirmed to be absent no later than 48 hours before works commence.

 All construction activities will be programmed to daytime hours to reduce disturbance to sensitive nocturnal species, such as bats and roosting bird species.

MITIGATION

Mitigation is proposed to reduce the impacts on wildlife that cannot be avoided through design:

- External lighting will be designed in line with BCT guidance6 to reduce impacts bats and a range of other wildlife associated with retained and off-site habitats
- Excavations should be securely covered or fenced overnight, or otherwise provide a means of escape for animals that may become trapped in the form of a ramp at least 300mm wide and angled no greater than 45°. Excavations should be inspected for the presence of animals before work recommences and, in the event of trapped animals being trapped, an ecologist contacted for advice.
- Gaps of at least 13cm x 13cm will be created within boundaries to facilitate movement of hedgehogs and other small animals through the Site.

COMPENSATION/ENHANCEMENT

Compensation is proposed to address the impacts on habitats which cannot be avoided or mitigated:

- Landscape planting to compensate for the loss of 20+ tree mainly non native with 66No tres mainly native increasing tree species diversity also to assist resilience for climate
- Provide native blocks to form small tree blocks including species native to the local area as well as berry and fruit-bearing species alongside pollinator species, to provide increased foraging opportunities in the local area.
- The incorporation of opportunities for roosting bats and nesting birds within the development.
- Hedgerow creation and native block along boundaries to increase connectivity around the Site. and increase the diversity of the Site and with management provide improving habitats.
- Hedgerow and native block connectivity particularly east-west.
- Provide wildflower grass areas associated with native block 1.

6.5 **DECCA FRAMEWORK**

DIVERSITY

- Genetic and species diversity increased through habitat enhancement and management to
 promote a greater diversity and number of fauna and flora species using the Site. Tree and
 scrub planting also includes a variety of species diversity compared to the species at the
 baseline.
- Structural diversity of the habitats will be increased through habitat enhancement and management with the aim to create new ecological niches within existing and created habitat.

EXTENT

• Extent of semi-natural habitats will be increased through the planting of native trees along the southwestern boundary of the Site. The provision of hedgerow on the northern aspect of the Site will also increase the extent of native woody scrub species.

CONDITION

• Habitat condition will be improved through habitat enhancement and management measures which will include reduction of disturbance to boundary habitats.

CONNECTIVITY

- Connectivity within the Site will be increased through creation of boundary habitats and increased tree planting along the southern and northern boundaries.
- Connectivity to the wider landscape is maintained through the provision of boundary habitats.
 ASPECTS OF ECOSYSTEM RESILIENCE
 - Adaptability of the local ecosystem to disturbance will be improved through an increase in connectivity that will allow for movement away from disturbance in the local area.
 - Recovery of ecosystems will be improved through an increase in the diversity of habitats and species that will improve the overall resilience of the habitats on Site and provide new homes for nature within the local area.

7.0 DRAINAGE AND BUILDING

The proposed Site will have hard surfaces with gullys and drains the proposed scheme will
ensure no water pollution off-site. The Building is designed to have photovoltaics on the roof
to reduce the required power input from the grid for the operation of the store.

AVOIDANCE

Ensure drainage system avoids pollution.

8.0 SITE SETTING

The Site is either within designated areas or within 2 Kilometres of the following and either has Low or No Impact or Negligible Impact:

DESIGNATIONS

- Boundary of Pembrokeshire Coast National Park boundary on the east side of the A478 with the site on the west side of the A478; VISUAL IMPACT
- National Landscape Character Area NLCA44 Taf and Cleddau Vales.
 The area forms the inland setting to the more established visitor destinations in Pembrokeshire Coast National Park. The area is predominantly enclosed with well kept, mature hedgerows and narrow lanes. LOW IMPACT
- National Landscape Character Area NLCA47 South Pembrokeshire Coast Lies to the south of the Site on the other side of the A478 Narberth Road. LOW IMPACT
- (SAC) Special Area of Conservation Carmarthen Bay and Estauries 705m. NO IMPACT
- (SAC) Pembrokshire Bat Sites and Bosherton Lakes 705m NO IMPACT
- (SAC) Bristol Channel Approaches 1005m NO IMPACT.
- (SPA) Carmarthen Bay 1850m NO IMPACT
- SSSI Waterwynch Bay to Saundersfoot Harbour 881m NO IMPACT
- SSSI Tenby Cliffs and St Catherine Island 904m NO IMPACT.

8.1 LANDSCAPE SETTING

The Site lies adjacent to the A478 Narberth Road. The road itself in the section from the Kilgetty roundabout to Tenby goes through countryside through the settlements of Hill, Pentlepoir, Wooden, Twycross and New Hedges before reaching Tenby.

There are gaps between the settlements which are in places through woodland, hedgerows and fields and occasional buildings.

The Site is located in a gap between settlements with the Pembrokeshire Coast National Park to the south with agricultural fields and hedgerows in this area and this area leads down to the coast. To the north of the A478 around is the Park House Court estate with its grounds, residential home, private hospital and small housing estate within which lies the Site. The grounds away from the buildings are small field areas and grasslands with internal tree planting and hedgerow fragments. Ornamental planting is close to buildings. There native hedgerows on south and west boundaries and part of north boundary. The remaining section of the north boundary is a Leyland Cypress hedge to the A478. The east boundary is open with grass mounds and a central group of trees where the Site is located.

8.2 GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE

The proposals will

- Increase connectivity within the Site area around the boundaries of the Site,
- Tree losses have been compensated with increased tree planting of mainly native species.
- Hedgerows are introduced to all boundaries except the west boundary where a native block completes the boundary connection.
- there is a tenous vegetation link through centre of the site to the native hedgerow and tree lines in Park Court House estate.

- There are pollinator plants are in all the planting type, tree, hedgerows, native blocks and planting beds.
- Berry plants are also in all the planting type, tree, hedgerows, native blocks and planting beds and are useful for foraging.
- The increased number of trees will form a larger tree group on this location of the open frontage section of the A478 which will enhance movement of birds and bats in the area in addition to providing potential for bird nesting and bat roosting. In time will replace the bird and bat boxes installed early in the development implementation.
- The diversity of native and ornamental plant material will give some element of resilience for climate change.
- Grass verges and a wildflower grass area in Native block 1.
- 5 Year maintenance/defects replacement and management plan to ensure establishment and for monitoring for progress of landscape and ecology and adjusting the plan as necessary.

Overall the development can bring positive biodiversity elements to the Site area.

8.3 BLUE INFRASTRUCTURE

The Site is not closely associated with rivers or streams as part of the Green Blue Infrastructure there nearest pond and stream is on the North West boundary over 150metres away.

8.4 ACCESS

The existing access to the Site area is a cycleway footpath across the Site frontage ending at the existing track entrance about midway on the Site frontage, The rest of the frontage is a grass verge. There is a road crossing by the track entrance connecting to the National Cycle Route 4 and footpath which goes off to Tenby via Brynhir.

The Green Meadows Park roadway has a footpath on the northern side and no footpath on the south Site side.

The developed Site will use the existing cycleway footpath and a new footpath section will provide for the remainder of the Site frontage and continue until it meets the Park House Court main entrance where the footpath from Tenby previously ended. A new footpath/cycleway will be provided to the south of Green Meadows Park roadway to access the Site development.

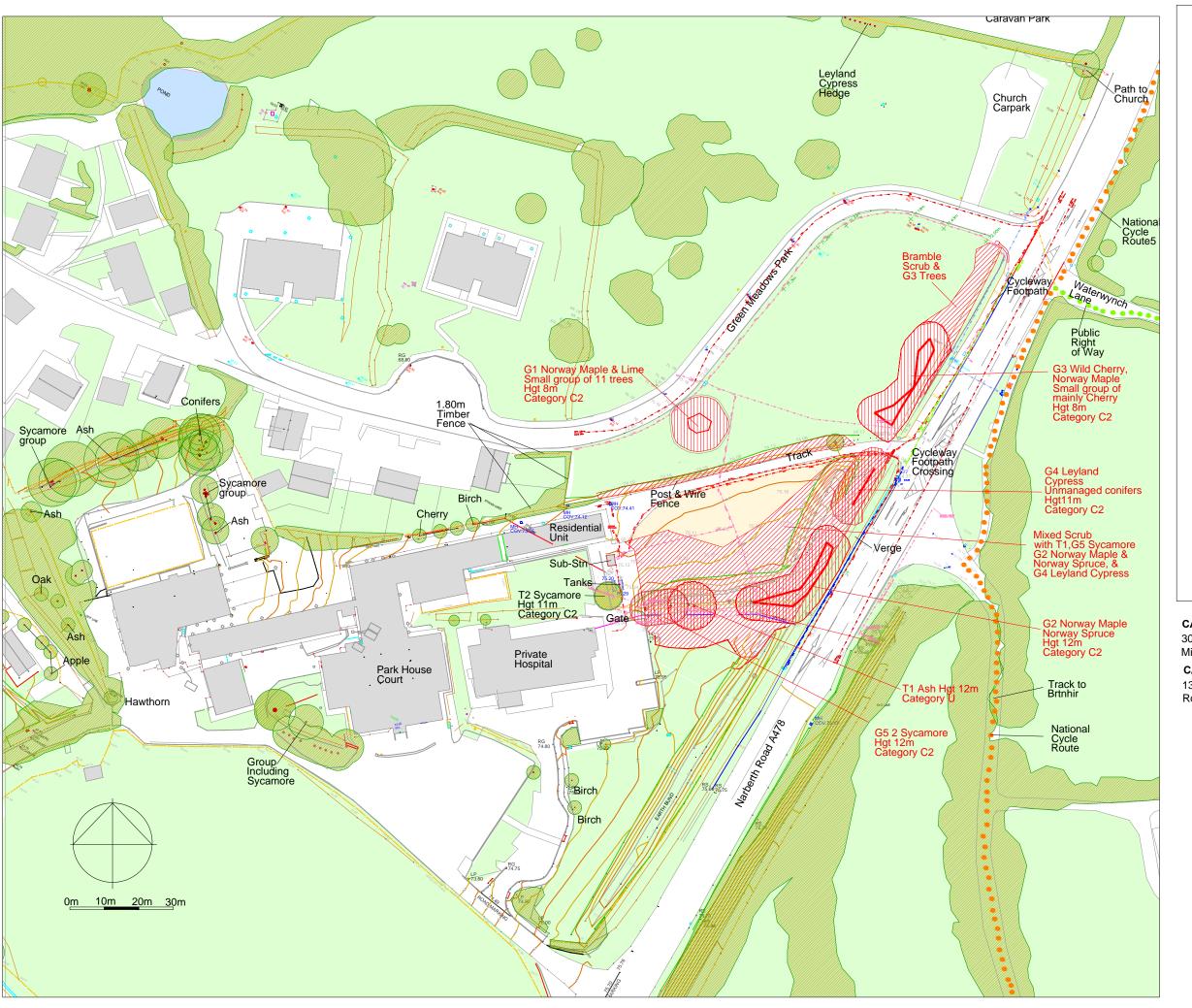
The Site and its development has no direct connection with designated footpaths and bridleways and via the road crossing to the National Cycle Route 4

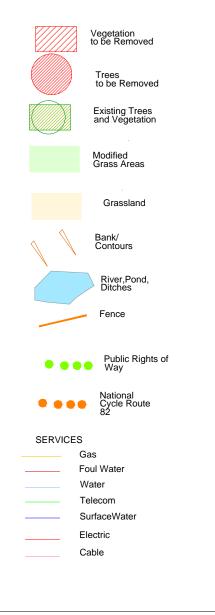
9.0 LONG TERM MANAGEMENT

The site will have a Planting Methodology 5 Year Landscape Management Plan which will include landscape annual inspections and reports to assess the establishment of the landscape and undertake defects replacements in this period. Annual reports will be copied to the ecologist. The ecologist will undertake monitoring inspections in years 1 and 5 additional visits if annual reports raise issues. Revisions to the management plan will be made as necessary to assist successful establishment.

10.0 SUMMARY OF SITE AND NET BIODIVERSITY BENEFIT

The Statement undertakes the Step system within the different disciplines of landscape, arboriculture, building, drainage, ecology and Site setting. Avoidance and Mitigation undertaken, Compensation is on-site. Long term management to be undertaken for the successful landscape establishment and to meet biodiversity objectives.





CA-2024-PKHSCRT-01 Rev A

30 May 2025 Minor revisions

CA-2024-PKHSCRT-01 Rev B

13 June 2025 Road junction revision

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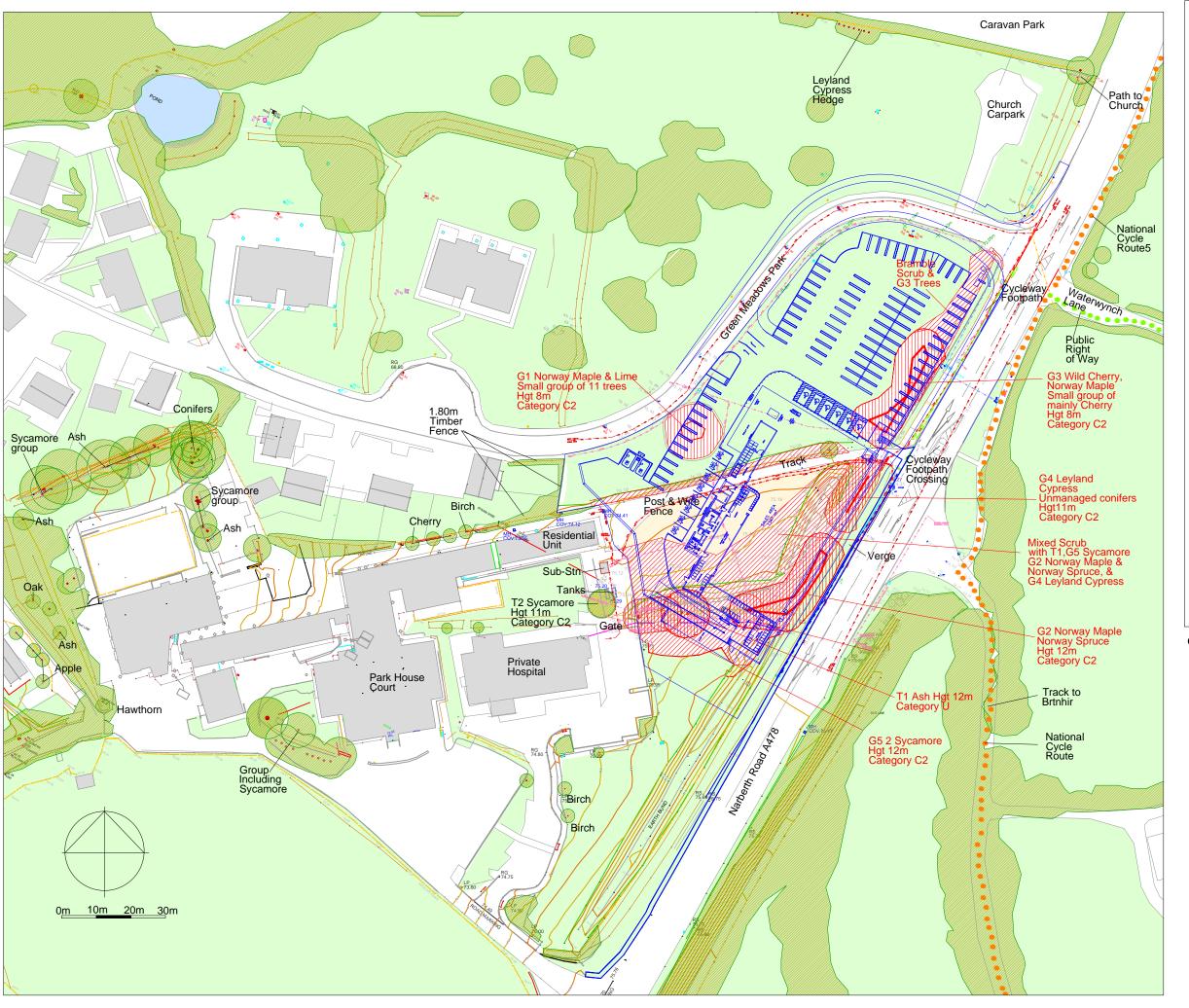
PARK HOUSE COURT NEW HEDGES SA70 8TJ

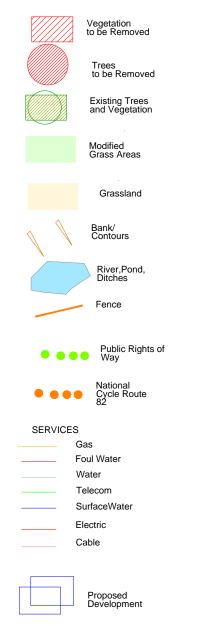
Drawing Title

EXISTING FEATURES

Scale	Date
1:750 at A2	5 November 2024

Drawing No
CA-2024-PKHSCRT-01 Rev B





CA-2024-PKHSCRT-02 Rev A

2 June 2025 Footpath added revised store layout

CA-2024-PKHSCRT-02 Rev B

13 June 2025 Road junction revision

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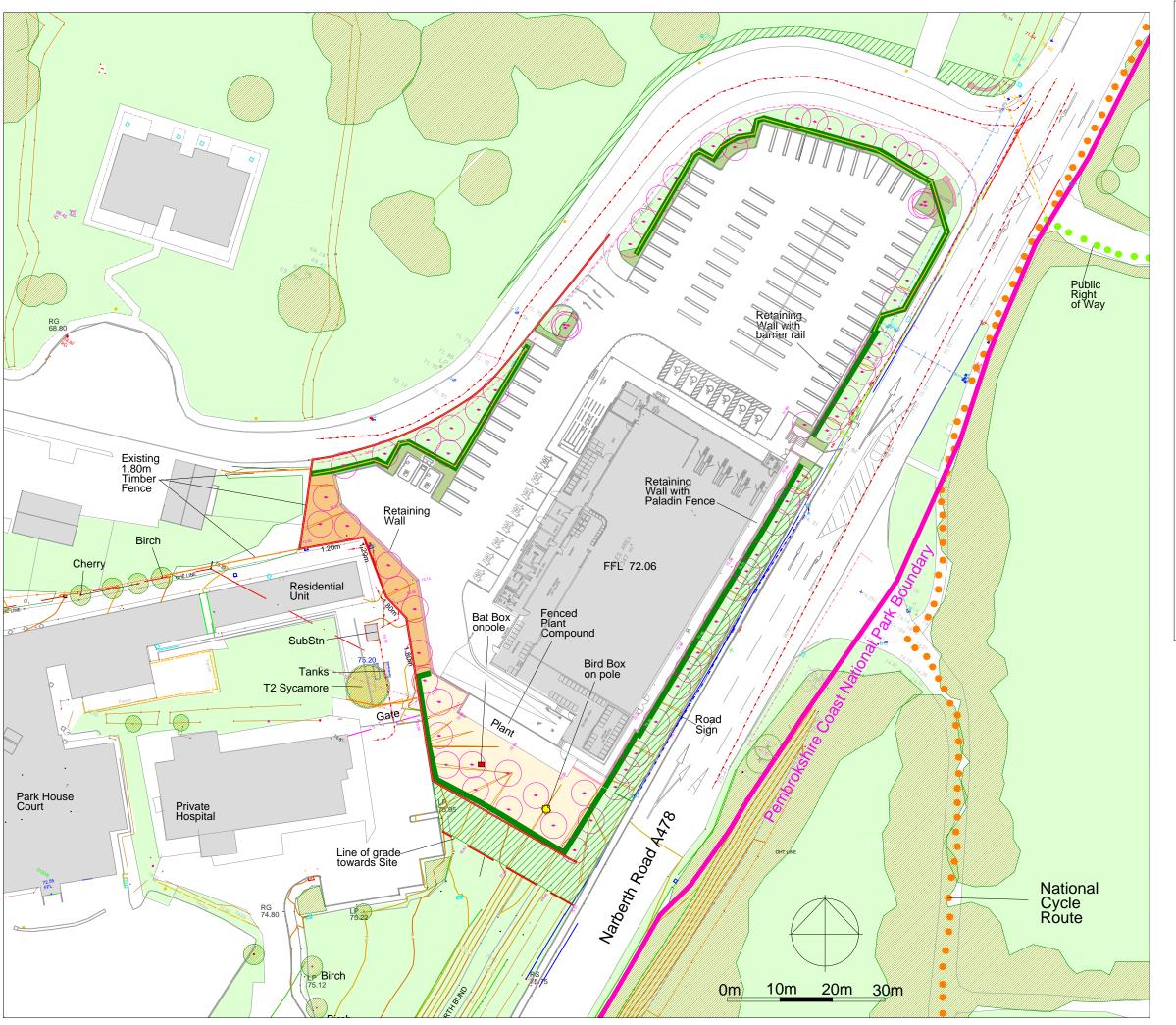
PARK HOUSE COURT **NEW HEDGES SA70 8TJ**

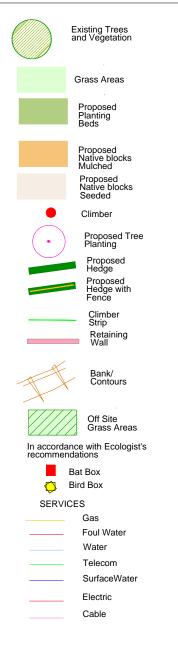
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EXISTING FEATURES & OVERLAY

Date Scale 1:750 at A2 5 November 2024

Drawing No





CA-2024-PKHSCRT-03 Rev A Feb 2025 Revised layout

CA-2024-PKHSCRT-03 Rev B 3 June 2025 Revised layout

CA-2024-PKHSCRT-03 Rev C 13 June 2025 Revised layout

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Project PARK HOUSE COURT **NEW HEDGES SA70 8TJ**

Drawing Title

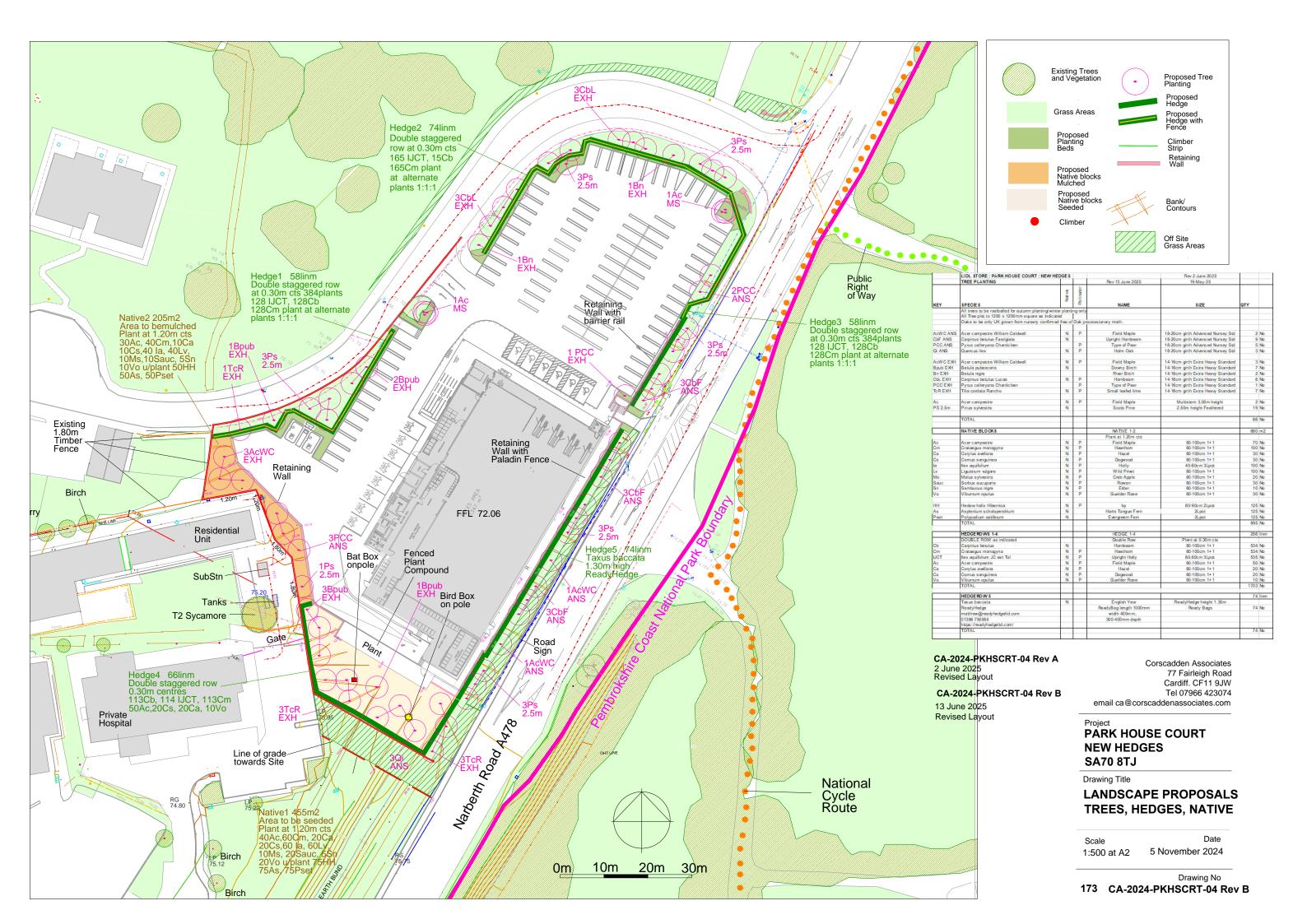
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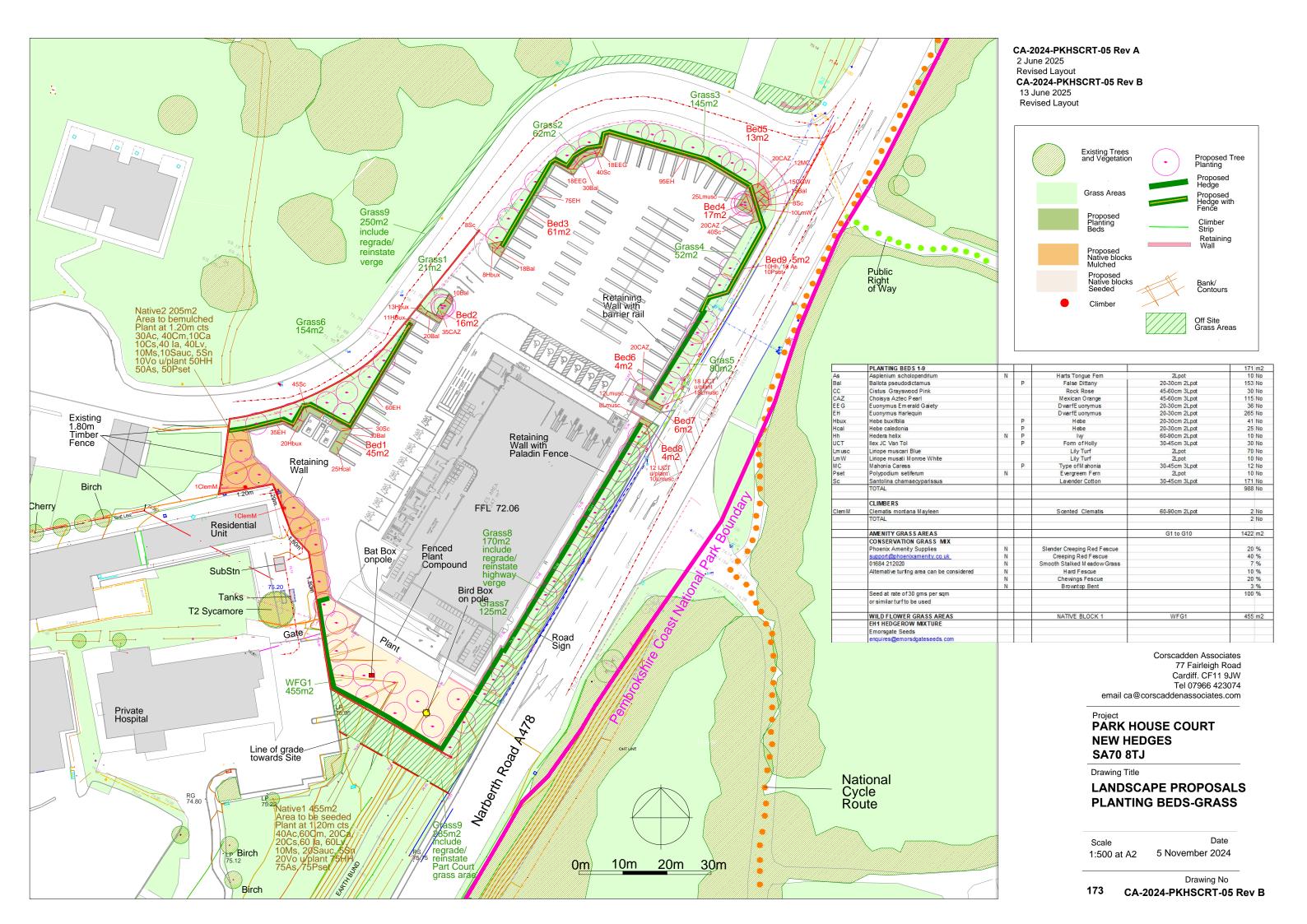
LANDSCAPE PROPOSALS **OVERALL**

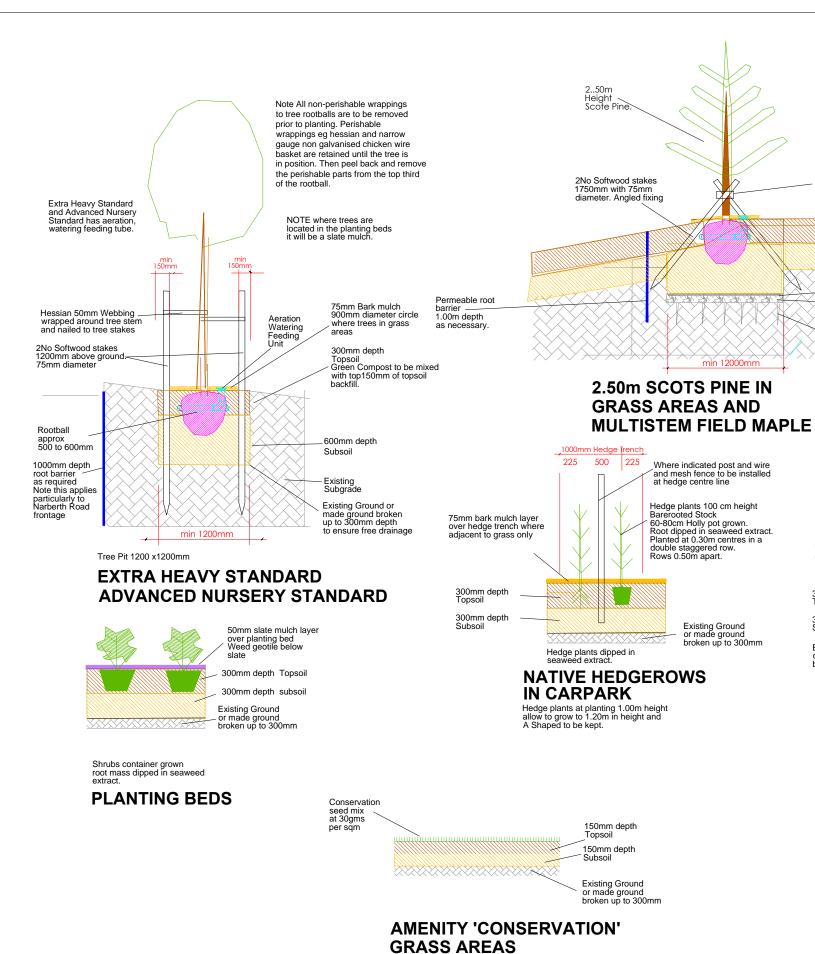
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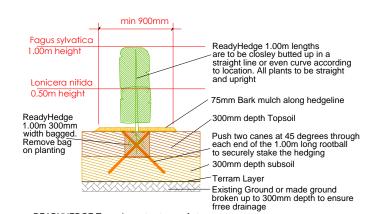
Date

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READYHEDGE Taxus baccata at rear of store. at planting height 1.00m and allow to grow to 3.00m

Hedge plants 100 cm height Barerooted Stock 60-80cm Holly pot grown. (Iles aguifolium JC van Tol)

double staggered row. Rows 0.50m apart.

Note All non-perishable wrappings to tree rootballs are to be removed

wrappings eg hessian and narrow

gauge non galvanised chicken wire

basket are retained until the tree is

in position. Then peel back and remove

the perishable parts from the top third

prior to planting. Perishable

Hessian 50mm Webbing

Terram layer

75mm bark mulch layer

over hedge trench

300mm depth Topsoil

300mm depth Subsoil

Existing Ground or made ground broken up to 300mm

100mm drainage layer

made ground broken up to 300mm depth to ensure free drainage

1000mm Hedge Trench

225 500 225

NATIVE HEDGEROWS

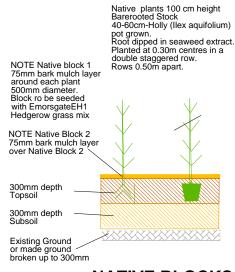
IN SOUTH BOUNDARY

Hedge plants at planting 1.00m height allow to grow to 2.00m in height and A Shaped to be kept.

Existing Ground or

of the rootball.

YEW HEDGE



NATIVE BLOCKS Native plants at 1.20m centres

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PARK HOUSE COURT NEW HEDGES SA70 8TJ

Drawing Title

LANDSCAPE SECTIONS

Date Scale 18 May 2025 as given

Drawing No CA-2024-PKHSCRT-06 Rev A

CA-2024-PKHSCRT-06 Rev A 30 May 2025 **Revised Sections**





- The Site is in a rural location with fields, hedgerows and tree blocks and woodland and the Site has minimal ornamental planting mainly restricted to limited beds within the carpark behind the native hedgerows.
- The visual impression of the Site planting is to reflect the rural location with grass verges, native hedgerows and predominantly tree lines and native blocks which will form small tree groups.
- Tree,, hedges and planting beds in the carpark with selection of plants with biodiversity value berrying plants for foraging and pollinators
- The area around the Site is a network of hedgerows and woodlands some around fields others around Park House Court lands and caravan parks which form a strong green infrastructure and ecological corridors.
- The Site does not connect directly to these and has a tenous link through the centre of Park House Court and to the outer hedgerows and woods
- Over time as the Site planting matures it will have increasing ecological and biodiversity value. .

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Project

PÄRK HOUSE COURT NEW HEDGES SA70 8TJ

Drawing Title

GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE

Scale Da as given 18 May 2025

Drawing No

CA-2024-PKHSCRT-07 Rev A

	LIDL STORE : PARK HOUSE COURT : NEW H TREE PLANTING			Rev 13 June 2025	Rev 2 June 2025 19-May-25	
		e ×	Pollinator			
		Native	≝			
EY	SPECIES			NAME	SIZE	QTY
	All trees to be rootballed for autumn planting/w		nting oi	nly '		
	All Tree pits to 1200 x 1200mm square as indic Oaks to be only UK grown from nursery confirm		l of Oak	processionary moth.		
cWC ANS	Acer campestre William Caldwell	N	Р	Field Maple	18-20cm girth Advanced Nursey Std	2 No
CbF ANS	Carpinus betulus Fastigiata	N		Upright Hornbeam	18-20cm girth Advanced Nursey Std	9 No
PCC ANS	Pyrus calleryana Chanticleer	N.	P P	Type of Pear	18-20cm girth Advanced Nursey Std	5 No
Qi ANS	Quercus ilex	N		Holm Oak	18-20cm girth Advanced Nursey Std	3 No
AcWC EXH	Acer campestre William Caldwell	N	l _P	Field Maple	14-16cm girth Extra Heavy Standard	3 No
Bpub EXH	Betula pubescens	N		Downy Birch	14-16cm girth Extra Heavy Standard	7 No
n EXH	Betula nigra			River Birch	14-16cm girth Extra Heavy Standard	2 No
CbL EXH	Carpinus betulus Lucas	N	Р	Hornbeam	14-16cm girth Extra Heavy Standard	6 N
CC EXH	Pyrus calleryana Chanticleer		P	Type of Pear	14-16cm girth Extra Heavy Standard	1 N
cR EXH	Tilia cordata Rancho	N	P	Small leafed lime	14-16cm girth Extra Heavy Standard	7 No
\c	Acer campestre	N	Р	Field Maple	Multistem 3.00m height	2 No
S 2.5m	Pinus sylvestris	N		Scots Pine	2.50m height Feathered	19 No
	TOTAL					66 No
	NATIVE BLOCKS	+	 	NATIVE 1-2		660 m
				Plant at 1.20m cts		
\c	Acer campestre	N	Р	Field Maple	80-100cm 1+1	70 No
Cm	Crataegus monogyna	N	P	Hawthorn	80-100cm 1+1	100 No
Ca	Corrus conquinos	N	P P	Hazel	80-100cm 1+1	30 No
Cs a	Cornus sanguinea llex aquifolium	N N	l P	Dogwood Holly	80-100cm 1+1 40-60cm 3Lpot	30 No 100 No
a .V	Ligustrum vulgare	l N	P	Wild Privet	80-100cm 1+1	100 N
∕ls	Malus sylvestris	N	l P	Crab Apple	80-100cm 1+1	20 N
Sauc	Sorbus aucuparia	N	Р	Rowan	80-100cm 1+1	30 N
Sn	Sambucus nigra	N	Р	Elder	80-100cm 1+1	10 No
′ o	Viburnum opulus	N	P	Guelder Rose	80-100cm 1+1	30 No
Н	 Hedera helix Hibernica	N	l _P	lvy	60-90cm 2Lpot	125 No
∖s	Asplenium scholopendrium	N		Harts Tongue Fern	2Lpot	125 No
Pset	Polypodium setiferum	N		Evergreem Fern	2Lpot	125 No
	TOTAL					895 No
	HEDGEROWS 1-4			HEDGE 1-4		256 lin
DI-	DOUBLE ROW as indicated			Double Row	Plant at 0.30m cts	504 N
Cb Cm	Carpinus betulus Crataegus monogyna	N N	l _P	Hornbeam Hawthorn	80-100cm 1+1 80-100cm 1+1	534 No 534 No
JCT	llex aquifolium JC van Tol	N	l P	Upright Holly	60-80cm 3Lpot	535 No
4c	Acer campestre	l N	ЬÞ	Field Maple	80-100cm 1+1	50 No
Ca	Corylus avellana	N	Р	Hazel	80-100cm 1+1	20 No
Cs	Cornus sanguinea	N	Р	Dogwood	80-100cm 1+1	20 No
/o	Viburnum opulus TOTAL	N	Р	Guelder Rose	80-100cm 1+1	10 No
	HEDGEROW 5				I 	74 lin
	Taxus baccata	N		English Yew	ReadyHedge height 1.30m	74 1111
	ReadyHedge			ReadyBag length 1000mm	Ready Bags	74 No
	matthew@readyhedgeltd.com			width 400mm,		
	01386 750585 https://readyhedgeltd.com/			300-400mm depth		
	TOTAL					74 No
	PLANTING BEDS 1-9					171 m2
∖s	Asplenium scholopendrium	N		Harts Tongue Fern	2Lpot	10 No
3al	Ballota pseudodictamus		Р	False Dittany	20-30cm 2Lpot	153 No
CC	Cistus Grayswood Pink			Rock Rose	45-60cm 3Lpot	30 No
CAZ	Choisya Aztec Pearl			Mexican Orange	45-60cm 3Lpot	115 N
EG:	Euonymus Emerald Gaiety			Dwarf Euonymus	20-30cm 2Lpot	36 N
EH Ibux	Euonymus Harlequin Hebe buxifolia		P	Dwarf Euonymus Hebe	20-30cm 2Lpot 20-30cm 2Lpot	265 No 41 No
lcal	Hebe caledonia		P	Hebe	20-30cm 2Lpot	25 N
łh	Hedera helix	N	Р	lvy	60-90cm 2Lpot	10 N
JCT	llex JC Van Tol		P	Form of Holly	30-45cm 3Lpot	30 No
.musc	Liriope muscari Blue			Lily Turf	2Lpot	70 No
.mW	Liriope musati Monroe White		_	Lily Turf	2Lpot	10 No
ИС Pset	Mahonia Caress Polypodium setiferum	NI.	Р	Type of Mahonia	30-45cm 3Lpot	12 No 10 No
eset Sc	Polypodium setiferum Santolina chamaecyparissus	N		Evergreem Fern Lavender Cotton	2Lpot 30-45cm 3Lpot	10 No
	TOTAL			22.011401 0011011	33 Iodiii Ozpot	988 No
	CLIMBERS		\vdash			
ClemM	Clematis montana Mayleen			Scented Clematis	60-90cm 2Lpot	2 No
	TOTAL					2 No
	AMENITY GRASS AREAS				G1 to G10	1422 m
	CONSERVATION GRASS MIX Phoenix Amenity Supplies	N		Slender Creeping Red Fescue		20 %
	support@phoenixamenity.co.uk	N		Creeping Red Fescue		40 %
	01684 212020	N		Smooth Stalked Meadow Grass		7 %
	Alternative turfing area can be considered	N		Hard Fescue		10 %
		N		Chewings Fescue		20 %
		N	ļ	Browntop Bent		3 % 100 %
	Seed at rate of 30 gms per sqm					

	LIDL STORE : PARK HOUSE COURT : NI TREE PLANTING	EW HEDGE	s 	Rev 13 June 2025	Rev 2 June 2025 19-May-25	
ΞΥ	SPECIES	Native	Pollinator	NAME	SIZE	QTY
	WILD FLOWER GRASS AREAS			NATIVE BLOCK 1	WFG1	455 m ²
	EH1 HEDGEROW MIXTURE			NATIVE BLOCK 1	WFG1	455 M ₂
	Emorsgate Seeds					
	enquires@emorsdgateseeds.com					
	01553 829028				CDACCEC 000/	
	1				GRASSES 80%	0.40.0/
	Agrostis capillaris	N		Common Bent		2.40 %
	Anthoxanthum odoratum	N		Sweet Vernal Grass		1.60 %
	Brachypodium sylvaticum	N		False Brome		0.80 %
	Cynosurus cristatus	N		Crested Dogstail		48.00 %
	Festuca rubra	N		Slender Creeping Red Fescue		19.2 %
	Deschampsia cesitosa	N		Tufted Hair Grass		1.60 %
	Poa nemoralis	N		Wood Meadow Grass		6.40 %
					WILDFLOWERS 20%	
	Agrimonia eupatoria	N	lρ	Agrimony		0.5 %
	Allaria petiolata	N	Р	Garlic Mustard		1.0 %
	Anthriscus sylvestris	N	P	Cow Parsley		0.5 %
	Arctium minus	N	P.	Lesser Burdock		1.0 %
	Centaurea nigra	l N	P .	Common Knapweed		2.0 %
	Chaerophyllum temulum	l N	P.	Rough Chevil		0.4 %
	Cruciata laevipes	l N	P	Crosswort		0.8 %
	Daucus carota	l N	P	Wild Carrot		0.8 %
	Dipsacus fullonum	l N	P	Wild Carrot Wild Teasel		1.5 %
	Filipendula ulmaria	l N	P	Meadowsweet		0.4 %
			P			1.5 %
	Galium album	N		Hedge Bedstraw		
	Geum urbanum	N	Р	Wood avens		0.4 %
	Geranium pratense	N	Р	Meadows Crane Bill		0.3 %
	Lathyrus sylvestris	N	Р	Narrow-Leafed Everlasting Pea		1.0 %
	Leucanthemum vulgare	N	P	Moon Daisy		1.2 %
	Malva moschata	N	Р	Musk Mallow		1.0 %
	Origanm vulgaris	N	P	Wild Marjoram		0.3 %
	Plantago lanceolata	N	Р	Ribwort Plantain		0.8 %
	Primula veris	N	Р	Cowslip		0.6 %
	Rumex acetosa	N	Р	Sorrel		0.4 %
	Silene dioica	N	Р	Red Campion		2.0 %
	Silene vulgaris	N	Р	Bladder Campion		0.8 %
	Vicia cracca	N	Р	Tufted Vetch		0.8 %
	TOTAL		1			100 %
	sow at rate of 4gms per sqm		l			i